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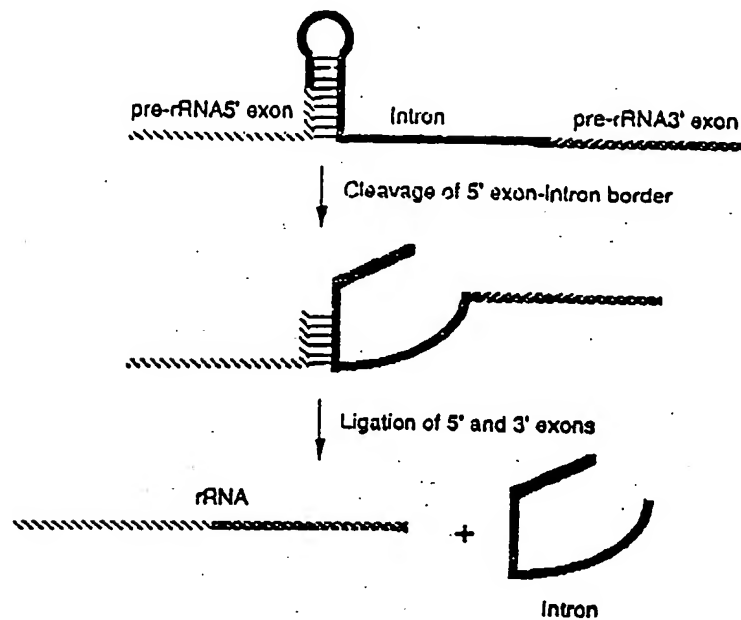
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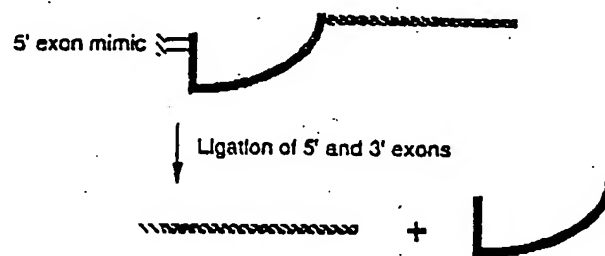
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Figure 1: Targeted Trans-Splicing

A. Self-Splicing of the Group I Intron from *Tetrahymena thermophila* pre-rRNA



B. Trans-splicing of a 3' exon onto a dinucleotide 5' exon



C. Targeted trans-splicing of a new 3' exon onto a targeted 5' exon

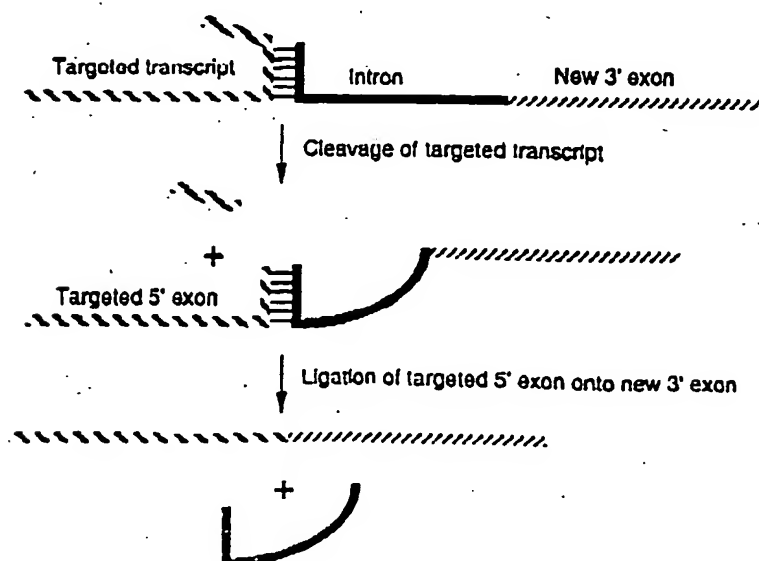
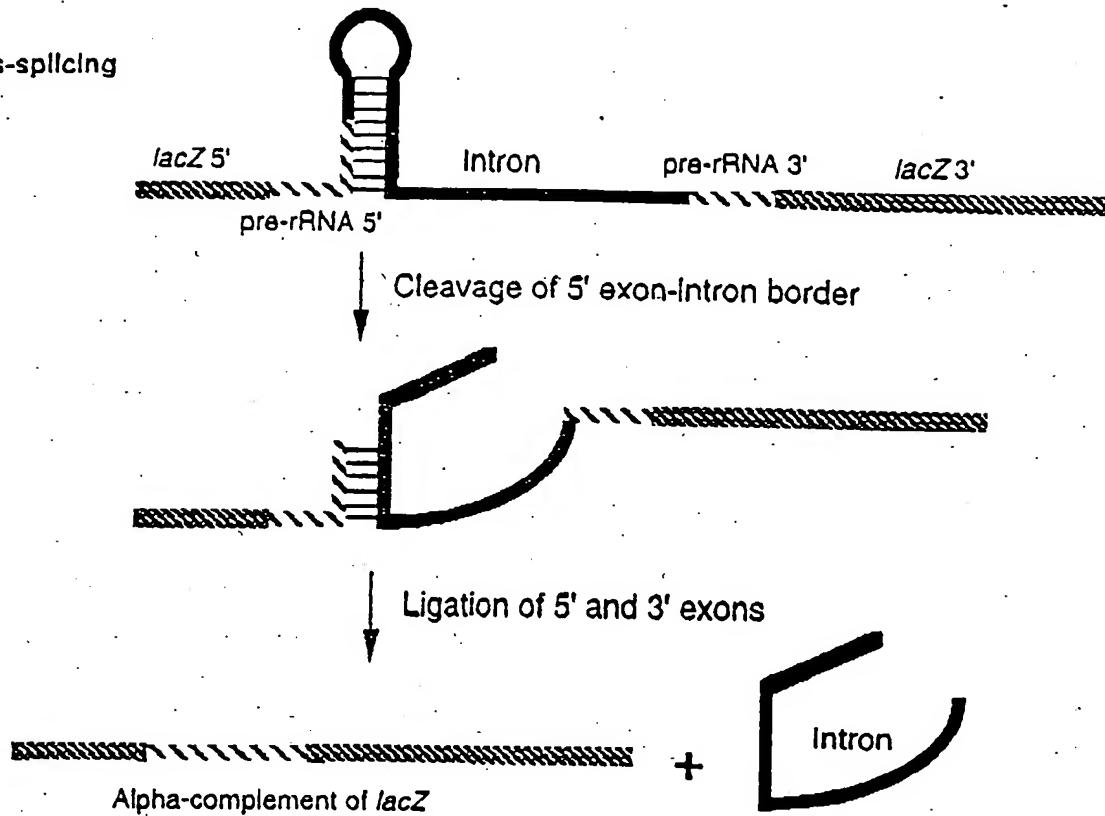


Figure 2: cis- and trans-splicing to recreate *lacZ* (alpha complement) transcripts

A. cis-splicing



B. trans-splicing

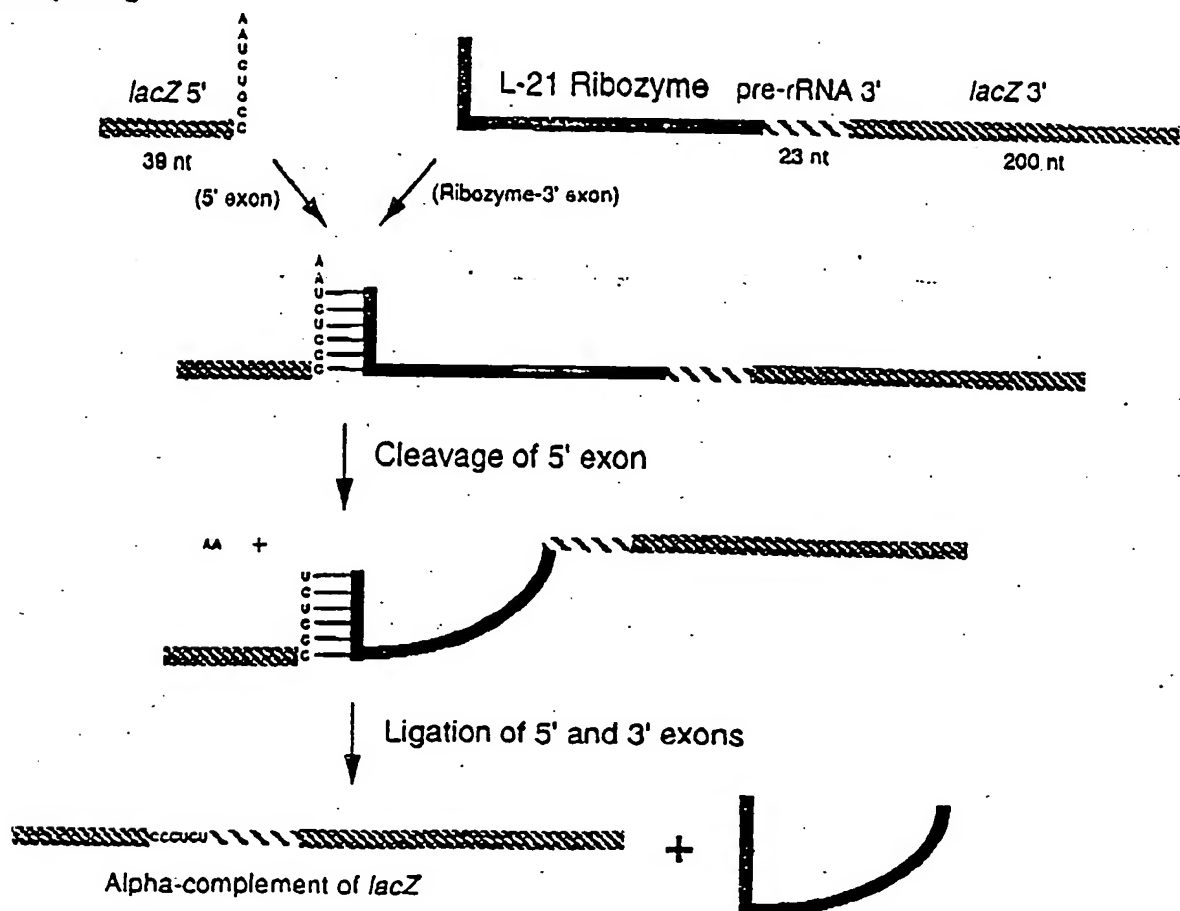


Figure 3: Trans-Splicing to correct truncated *lacZ* transcripts

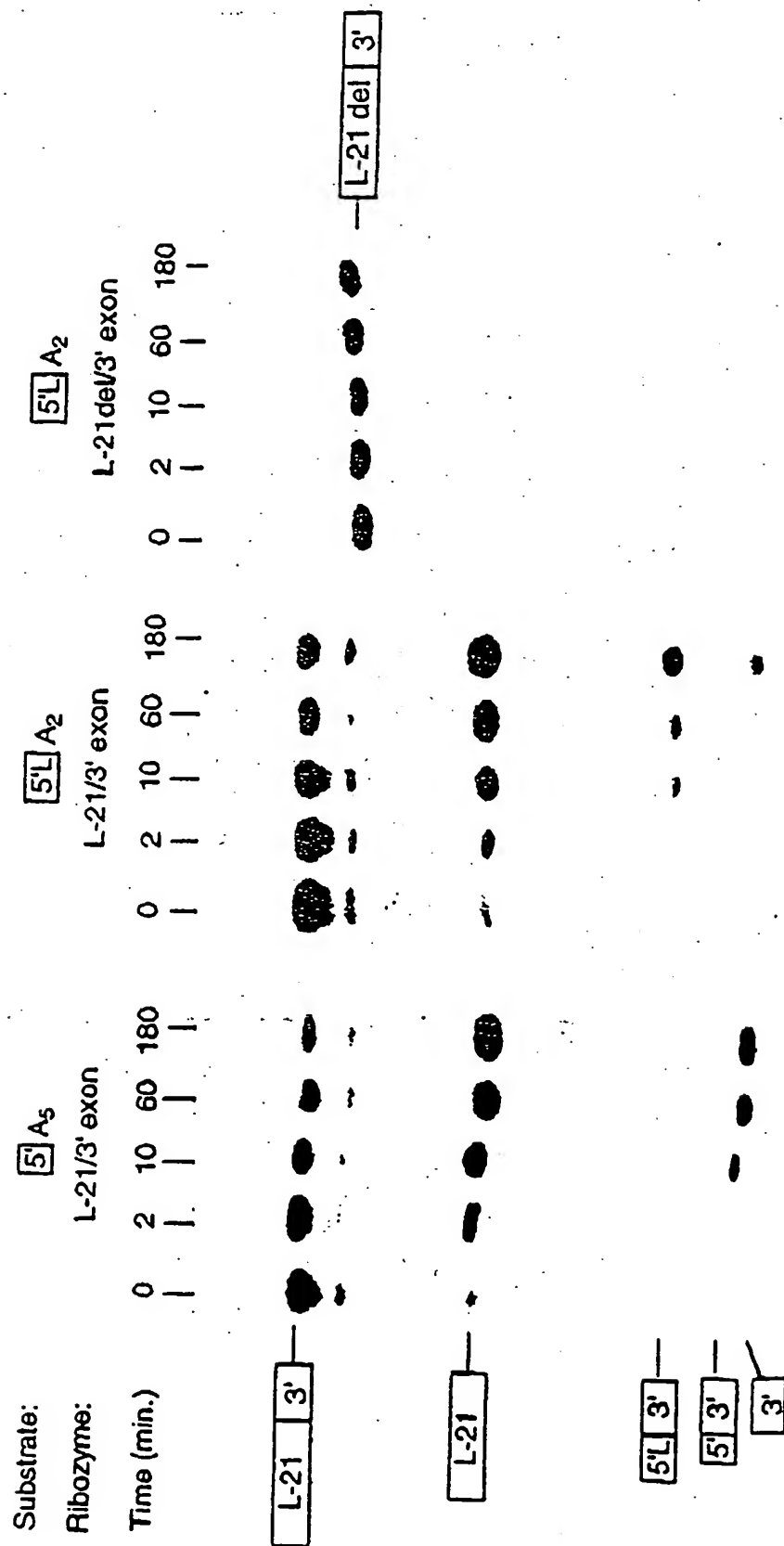


Figure 4: Trans-Splicing Rate

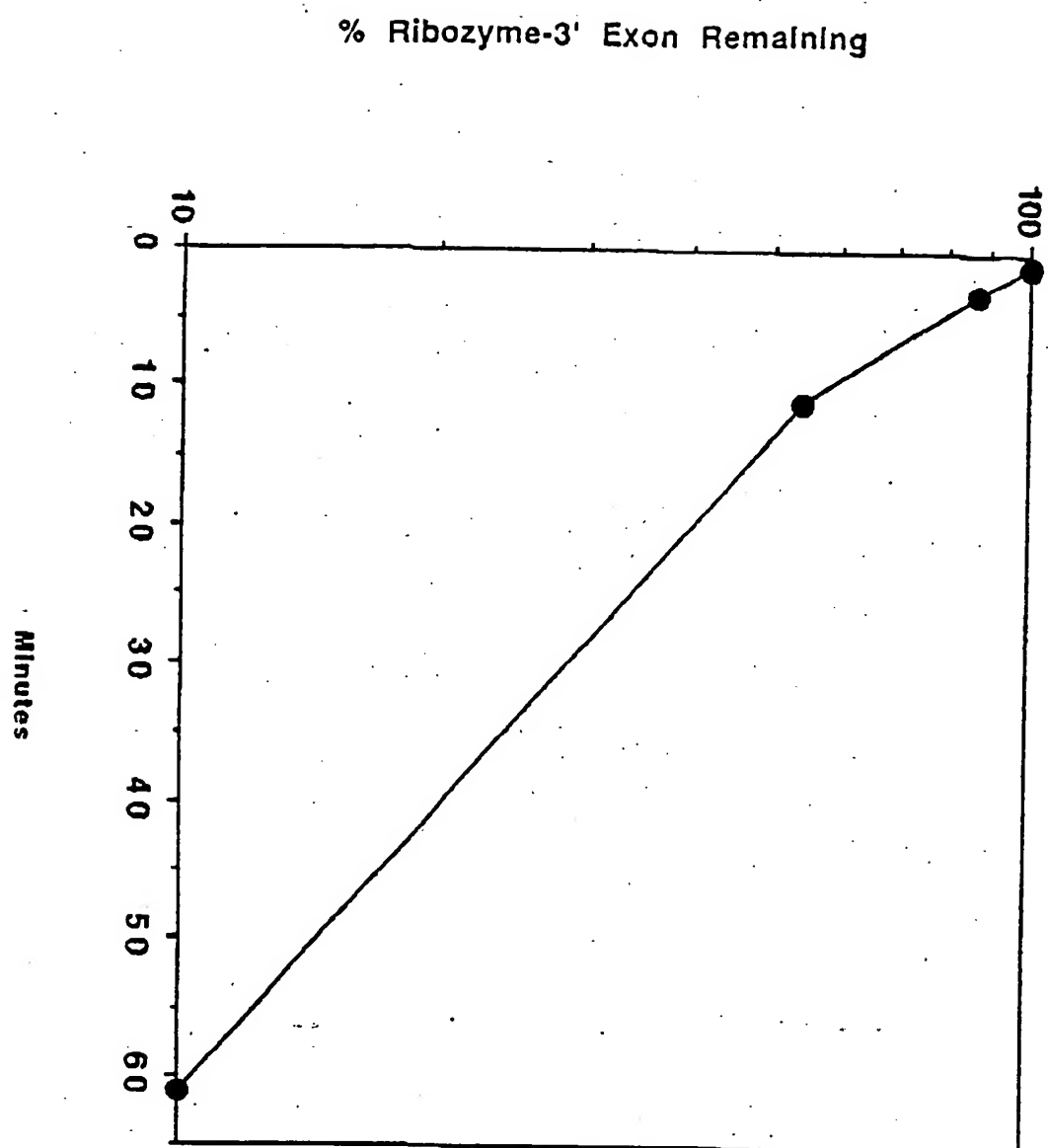


Figure 5: Hydrolysis releases the 200 nucleotide *lacZ* 3' Excn Sequence

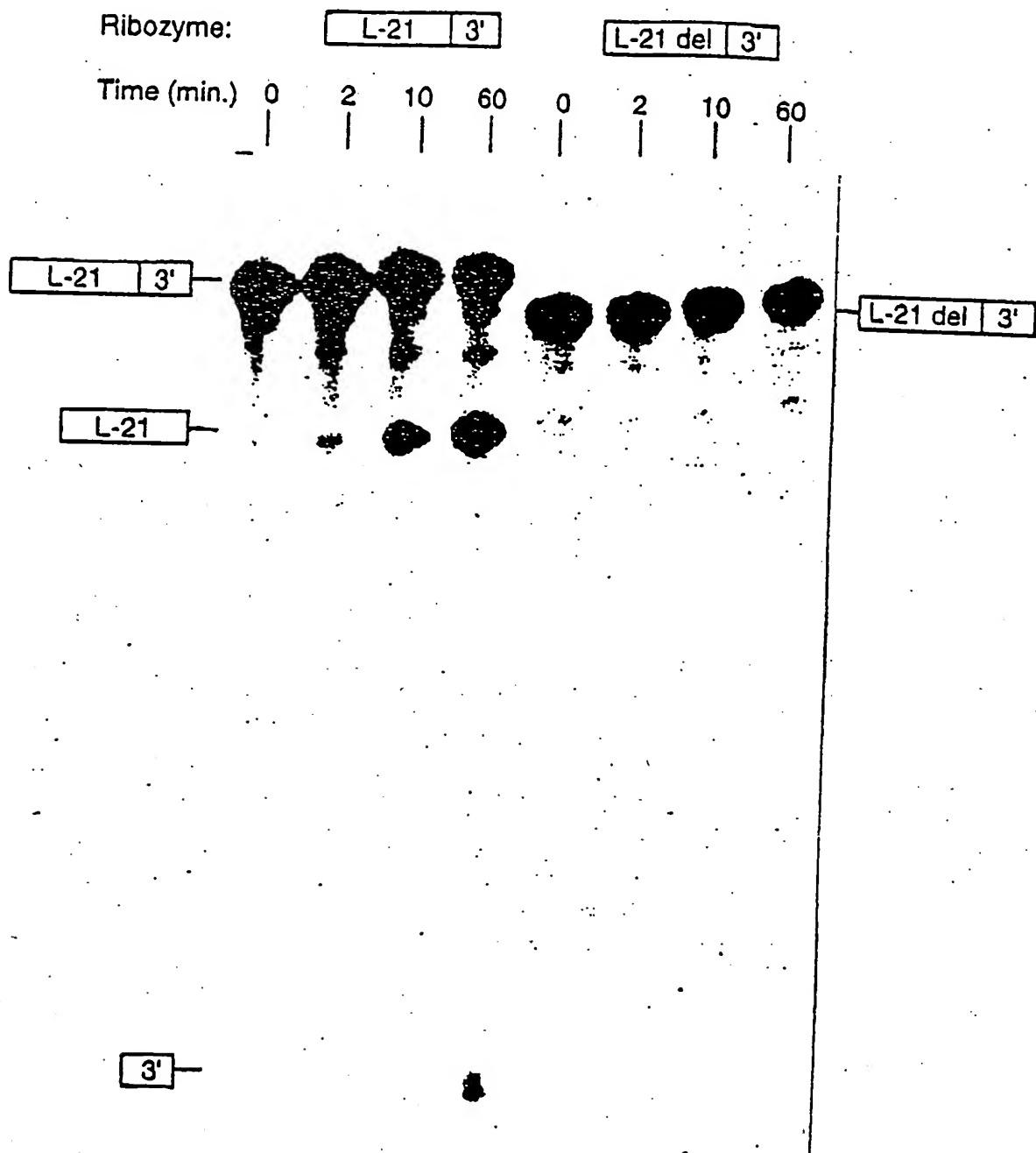
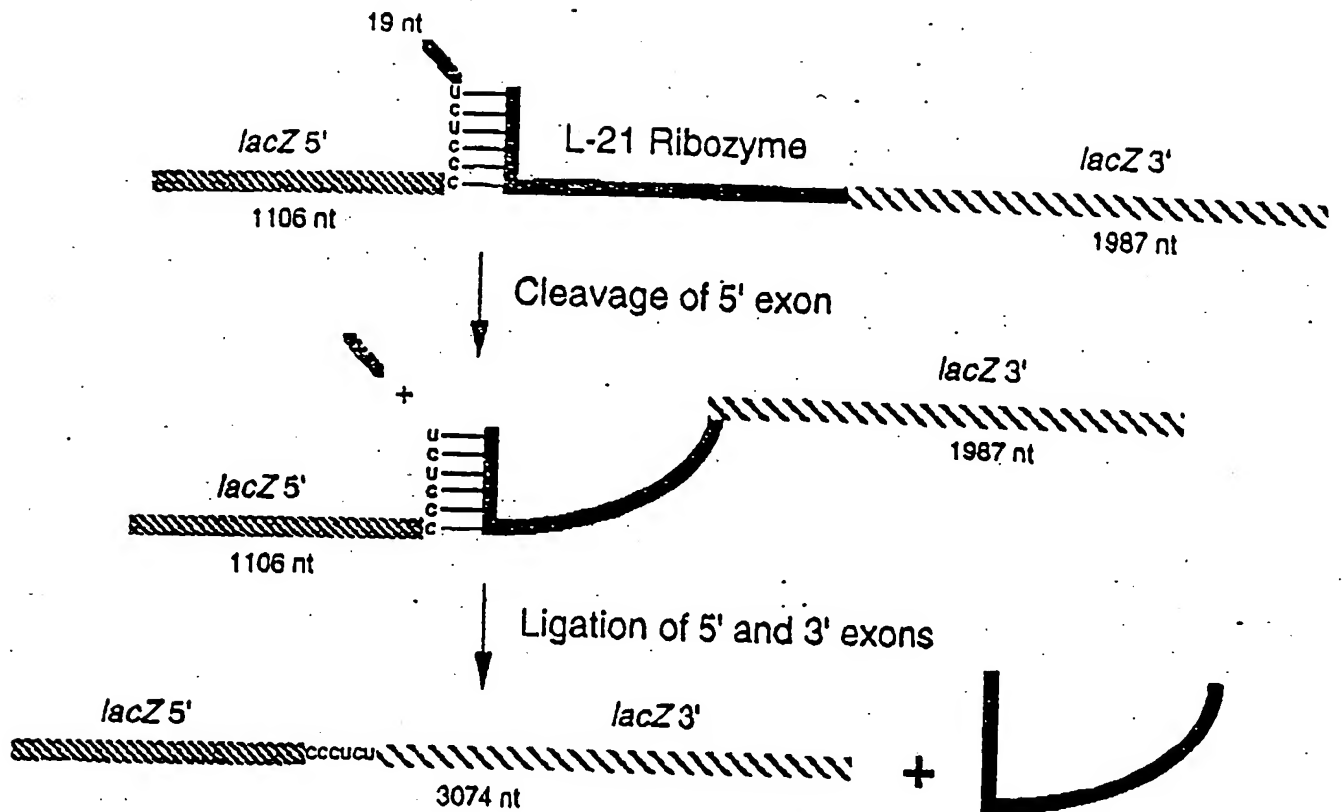


Figure 6: Trans-Splicing to Correct a 1106 Nucleotide Truncated *lacZ* Transcript

A. Trans-splicing scheme



B. Trans-splicing reaction

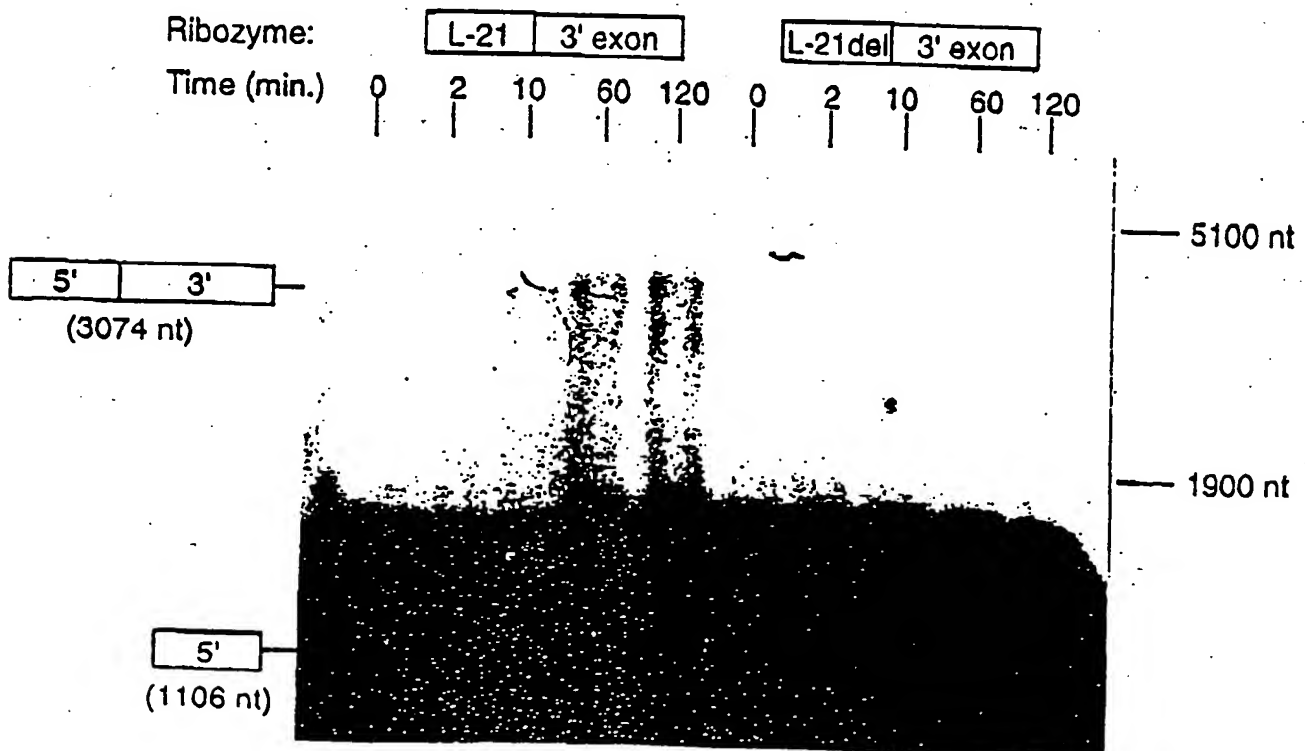


Figure 7: Targeted Trans-Splicing to Correct Mutant β -globin Transcripts

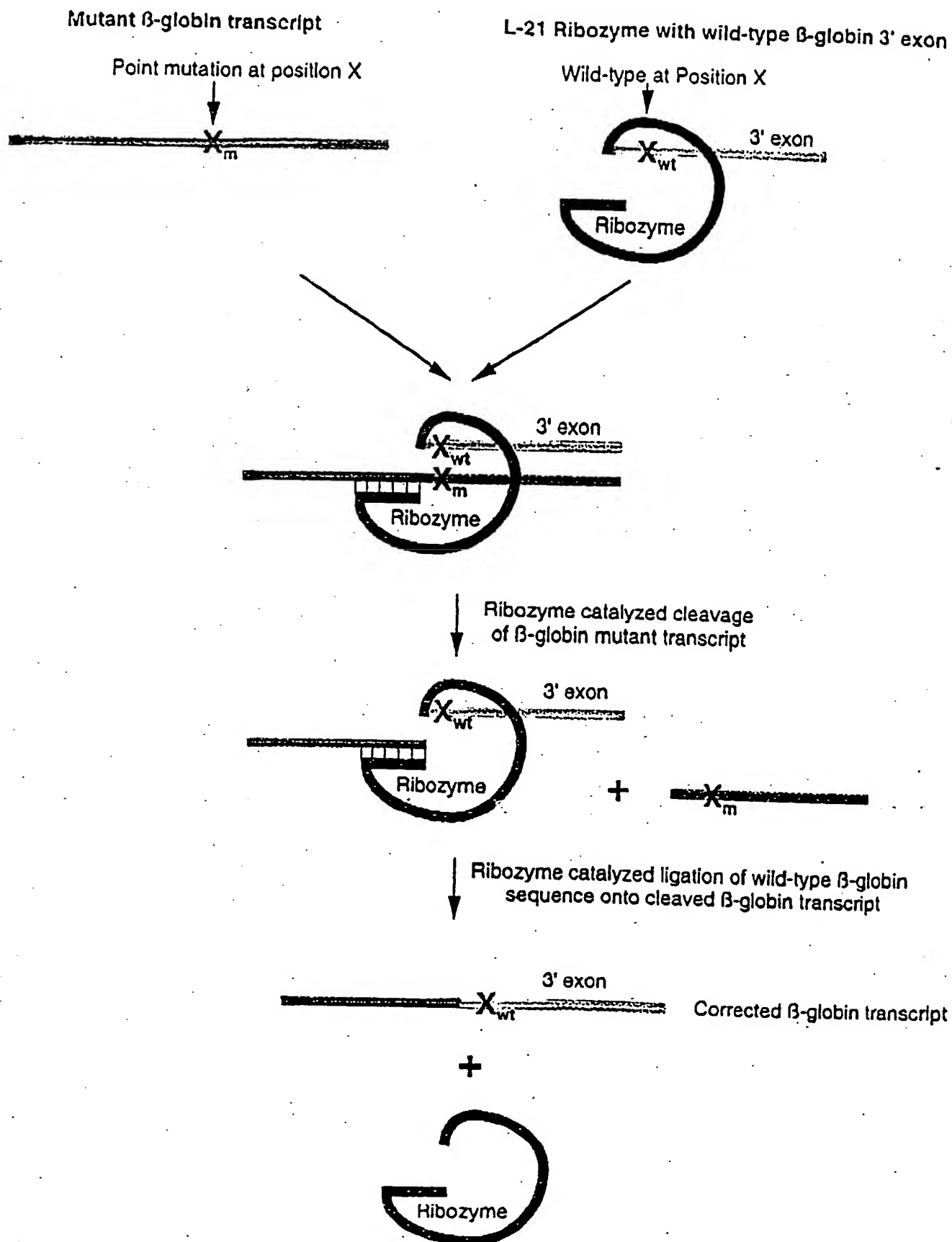


Figure 8: Targeted Trans-Splicing to Mutate HIV gag Encoding Transcripts

